

Observation by SuperDARN Hokkaido East radar of a possible SC-triggered wave event including FLR

Hideaki Kawano[1]; Akira Sessai Yukimatu[2]; Yoshimasa Tanaka[3]; Satoko Saita[4]; Nozomu Nishitani[5]; Tomoaki Hori[6]

[1] Earth and Planetary Sci., Kyushu Univ.; [2] NIPR/SOKENDAI; [3] NIPR; [4] NITkit; [5] STELAB, Nagoya Univ.; [6] STE lab., Nagoya Univ.

<http://denji102.geo.kyushu-u.ac.jp/denji/staff/kawano/kawano.html>

In the sea/ground backscattered data obtained by the SuperDARN Hokkaido East radar, we have found a relatively short-lived (lasting for about an hour) wave event which could be classified as a different type from the typical long-lasting (several hours) waves frequently observed in the sea/ground backscattered data of SuperDARN radars. Our wave event is likely to have been triggered by an SC which took place around 09:50UT on Aug 19, 2009. The event also included an interval during which the wave amplitude and phase showed the typical pattern of the Field-Line Resonance (FLR); this is the first time this pattern has been identified in the sea/ground backscattered data of the SuperDARN Hokkaido East radar.